

## Exercises

$$\begin{aligned}
 \textcircled{3} \quad [D_\mu, D_\nu] \psi &= ig \overline{F}_{\mu\nu} T_c \psi = \\
 &= [D_\mu + ig A_\mu, D_\nu + ig A_\nu] \psi = \\
 &= \underbrace{[D_\mu, D_\nu]}_{=0} \psi + ig [A_\mu, D_\nu] \psi + ig [D_\mu, A_\nu] \psi + (ig)^2 [A_\mu, A_\nu] \psi = \\
 &= ig [D_\mu A_\nu - \underbrace{A_\nu D_\mu + A_\mu D_\nu}_{=0} - D_\nu A_\mu + ig A_\mu^a A_\nu^b \underbrace{[T_a, T_b]}_{=i C_{ab}^c}] \psi = \\
 &= ig [D_\mu A_\nu^c - D_\nu A_\mu^c - g A_\mu^a A_\nu^b C_{ab}^c] T_c \psi
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \overline{F}_{\mu\nu}^c = [D_\mu A_\nu^c - D_\nu A_\mu^c - g A_\mu^a A_\nu^b C_{ab}^c] T_c$$

Pour  $SO(2)$ :  $A_\mu^a = W_\mu^a = \{W_\mu^1, W_\mu^2, W_\mu^3\}$

$$g C_{bc}^a = g \varepsilon_{abc}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow \overline{F}_{\mu\nu}^c &= D_\mu W_\nu^c - D_\nu W_\mu^c - g W_\mu^a W_\nu^b \varepsilon_{abc} \\
 \vec{\overline{F}}_{\mu\nu} &= D_\mu \vec{W}_\nu - D_\nu \vec{W}_\mu - g \vec{W}_\mu \times \vec{W}_\nu
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad T_c = \frac{1}{2} \sigma^c$$

$$[T_a, T_b] = i C_{ab}^c T_c$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{2}\sigma^i, \frac{1}{2}\sigma^j\right] = i \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 \varepsilon_{ijk} \sigma^k = i \varepsilon_{ijk} \frac{1}{2} \sigma^k$$

$$g_{ab} = \text{Tr}\left\{\frac{1}{2}\sigma^a \frac{1}{2}\sigma^b\right\} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr}\{\sigma^a \sigma^b + \sigma^b \sigma^a\} = \frac{1}{4} \delta_{ab} \text{Tr}\{\sigma^a\} = \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ab}$$